

## PRESSURE GAUGES IN SAFETY EXECUTION TYPE SNK 63 REED SWITCHER 201

|                                 |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <b>Diameter:</b>                | 63 mm   |
| <b>Accuracy:</b>                | 1,6 % to the full scale value<br>(by 2-double contact 2,5 %)  |
| <b>Execution:</b>               | case with bayonet ring stainless steel,<br>solid front between measuring system<br>and dial with full blow-out safety back. |
| <b>Electronic limit switch:</b> | 1-simple reed-limit-switch-contact, from<br>2,5 bar<br>2-fdouble reed-limit-switch-contact, from<br>4 bar                   |
| <b>Electric connection:</b>     | in series with 1 cable<br>M12 x 1,5 lateral on the right<br>bottom at the case  |
| <b>Measuring system:</b>        | stainless steel   |
| <b>Dial:</b>                    | aluminium white, writing black  |
| <b>Window:</b>                  | safety glass  |
| <b>Connection:</b>              | G 1/4, 1/4 NPT ...  |
| <b>Connection position:</b>     | bottom  |
| <b>Options:</b>                 | - on question   |



The reed switch type 201 is a quick special switch, which switches electric tensions in the area of milivolt or microampere very securely but with the addition that it can be used in comparative high switching circuits. The way it is build in, allows conserving of the switching function after effected switching over the whole remaining area.

In the execution of our reed switch type 201 the effected switch stays on the switching point even when the indicator traces over the switching point.

### Minimum Pressure Ranges

Every pressure gauge needs a sufficient amount of torque to operate a limit-switch contact with minimized error. For with reedswitch a minimum range of 2.5 bar (also compound ranges) has to be considered.

### Adjustment

The reed switch can be adjusted to any pressure value between minimum 2 % and maximum 90 % of full scale value. (Take off bayonet ring for adjustment.) A removable key for adjusting the set point from outside (through the lens) is optional available.

### Make / Break Operations

Switching is requested when the pointer is moving in clockwise direction (e.g. rising pressure or decreasing vacuum; standard-version):

R1 making or R2 breaking

Switching is requested when the pointer is moving counterclockwise

(e.g. decreasing pressure or rising vacuum):

R4 making or R5 breaking

### Electrical data

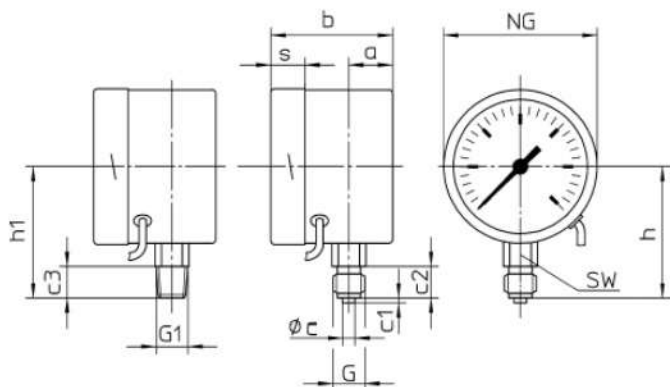
max. switching capacity 10 W (DC) or 10 V (AC)

max. switching voltage < 75 V DC < 50 V AC

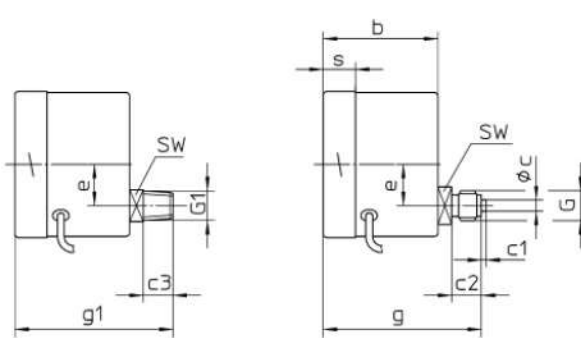
max. switching current 0.5 A DC or AC with resistive load

Building in 2 reed-switches is possible in any combination of above mentioned switching functions. The minimum distance between the 2 set points is 25 % of the full scale value. To guarantee an accurate switching function, it is very important to order the required switching direction properly, because otherwise the switching hysteresis has to be considered. Characteristically for a reed-switch is the fact that after a switching contact took place, the pointer can still move forward on the scale without a change in the switching function.

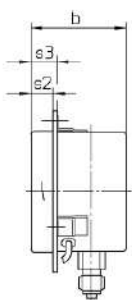
bottom connection



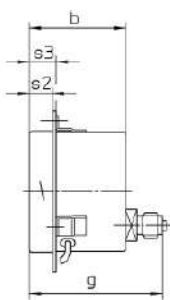
lower back connection



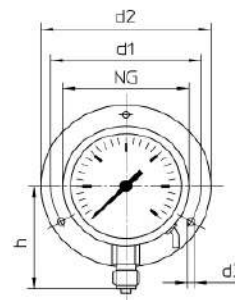
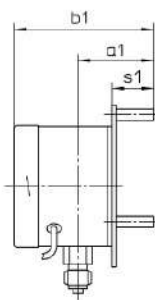
bottom connection front flange



lower back connection front flange



bottom connection rear flange



| Ng    | a       | a1 | b  | b1 | c  | c1 | c2 | c3 | d1 | d2 | d3  | d4 | e  |
|-------|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|----|
| 63    | 18      | 38 | 50 | 70 | 5  | 2  | 13 | 13 | 75 | 85 | 3,6 | M3 | 18 |
| G     | G1      | g  | g1 | h  | h1 | s  | s1 | s2 | s3 | SW |     |    |    |
| 1/4 B | 1/4 NPT | 72 | 72 | 54 | 54 | 14 | 21 | 12 | 14 | 14 |     |    |    |

mass in mm

We reserve the right to change technical details.